122.10



# WATERBORNE ACRYLIC **DRY FALL**

As of 09/14/2016, Complies with:					
OTC	Yes	LEED® 09 NC,.CI	Yes		
OTC Phase II	Yes	LEED® 09 CS	Yes		
SCAQMD	No	LEED® 09 S	Yes		
CARB	Yes	LEED <sup>®</sup> v4 Emissions	No		
CARB SCM 2007	Yes	LEED <sup>®</sup> v4 VOC	Yes		
MPI	Yes				

# **CHARACTERISTICS**

Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall is a water based, light reflective white coating (black also available) that falls dry in ten feet. Fallout can be swept up for easy cleanup of work area.

#### Features:

- Overspray cleans up easily •
- Ten foot dry fallout ٠
- High light reflectance ٠
- Interior use •
- Flash Rust Resistant •

#### For use on properly prepared:

- Structural Steel ٠
- Galvanized Metal
- Concrete/Masonry •
- Drywall/Plaster •
- Wood •

### Recommended for use in:

- Warehouses •
- Industrial, commercial, and institutional buildings
- Textile mills .
- Manufacturing facilities •
- Gymnasiums ٠
- Parking garage ceilings not ٠ exposed to direct weathering
- Suitable for use in USDA • inspected facilities
- Light Reflectance Value of the • White is 83%

B42W1	FLAT WHITE
B42T1	CLEAR TINT BASE FLAT
B42W2	EG-SHEL WHITE
B42BW3	FLAT BLACK

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Color: White, Black, Clear Tint Base **Recommended Spread Rate per coat:** wet mils: 7.0 -11.0 2.9 - 4.5 dry mils:

Theoretical coverage:

Finish:

Volume Solids:

Weight Solids:

Weight per Gallon:

VOC:

coverage: 657 sq ft/gal @ 1 mil dry

226 - 145 sq ft/gal approximate

### Drving Schedule @ 7.0 mils wet. 50% RH:

	@ 55°F	@ 77°F	@ 110°F		
To touch:	45 minutes	30 minutes	20 minutes		
To handle:	1 hour	45 minutes	30 minutes		
To recoat:	2 hours	1 hour	1 hour		
To cure:	2 days	4 hours	3 hours		
Dry fallout:	10-20 feet	10 feet	10 feet		
Drying and recoat times are temperature, humidity, and film thickness dependent.					
Flash Point:	N/A				
Tinting with CCE	White, 0-2 oz/gal, not controlled for tinting strength				
Check color before using	Ultradeep, up to 12 oz/gal				
Shelf Life:	36 months, unopened				

#### B42W00001

Flat 0-10°<sup>@</sup>85° 84 g/L - 0.70 lb/gal (as per 40 CFR 59.406 and SOR/2009-264, s. 12) 41 ± 2%  $60 \pm 2\%$ 12.10 lb/gal ± .2 lb

### B42W00002

Eg-Shel 15-25<sup>@</sup> 60° 69 g/L - 0.58 lb/gal

 $41 \pm 2\%$ 53 ± 2% 10.54 lb/gal ± .2 lb

## RECOMMENDED SYSTEMS

Steel & Rusted Galvanized, acrylic primer: 1ct. Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Primer

1-2cts. Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall

Aluminum: 1-2cts. Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall

**Galvanized Metal:** 1-2cts. Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall

**Concrete Block:** 1ct. Loxon Block Surfacer 1-2cts. Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall **Poured Concrete Walls, Interior:** 1-2cts. Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall

**Plaster and Wood, Interior:** 1ct. Premium Wall & Wood Primer 1-2cts. Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall

Drywall: 1-2cts. Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall

**Previously Painted:** 1-2cts. Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall

The systems listed above are representative of the product's use, other systems may be appropriate. Other primers may be appropriate.



#### SURFACE PREPARATION APPLICATION WARNING! Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust Refer to the SDS sheet before use or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or 50°F minimum Temperature: other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling 110°F maximum exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective (Air, surface, and material) equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment At least 5°F above dew point and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424 **Relative humidity:** 75% maximum -LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. The following is a guide. Changes in Do not use hydrocarbon solvents for cleaning. pressures and tip sizes may be needed for proper spray characteristics. Always Iron & Steel purge spray equipment before use with Minimum surface preparation is Hand Tool Clean per SSPC-SP2. Remove all oil and grease listed reducer. Any reduction must be from surface by Solvent Cleaning per SSPC-SP1. For better performance, use Commercial Blast Cleaning per SSPC-SP6/NACE 3, blast clean all surfaces using a sharp, angular abrasive compatible with the existing for optimum surface profile (2 mils). Prime any bare steel within 8 hours or before flash rusting environmental and application conditions. occurs. Primer required. Aluminum Reducer/Clean Up.....Soap & Water Remove all oil, grease, dirt, oxide and other foreign material by Solvent Cleaning per SSPC-SP1. Airless Sprav **Galvanized Steel** Remove all oil, grease, dirt, oxide and other foreign material by Solvent Cleaning per SSPC-SP1. When the surface has been treated with chromates or silicates, first Solvent Clean per Hose ...... 1/4" ID SSPC-SP1 and apply a test patch. Allow paint to dry at least one week before testing adhesion. Tip......017" - .019" If adhesion is poor, brush blasting per SSPC-SP16 is necessary to remove these treatments. Filter...... 60 mesh Rusty galvanizing requires a minimum of Hand Tool Cleaning per SSPC-SP2, prime the area Reduction ..... Not recommended the same day as cleaned. Concrete and Masonry **Conventional Spray** For surface preparation, refer to SSPC-SP13/NACE 6, or ICRI No. 310.2, CSP 1-3. Remove all loose mortar and foreign material. Surface must be free of laitance, concrete dust, dirt, form Gun.....Binks 95 release agents, moisture curing membranes, loose cement and hardeners. Concrete and mortar must be cured at least 28 days @ 75°F. On tilt-up and poured-in-place concrete, commercial Air Nozzle ......63PB detergents and abrasive blasting may be necessary. Fill bug holes, air pockets and other voids. Primer required. Brick must be allowed to weather for one year prior to surface preparation and Fluid Pressure ...... 50 PSI painting. Reduction ..... Not recommended Drywall Must be clean and dry. All nail heads must be set and spackled. Joints must be taped and Brush & Roll ..... Not recommended covered with joint compound. Spackled nail heads and tape joints must be sanded smooth and all dust removed prior to the application of paint. Wood **CLEANUP INFORMATION** Surface must be clean, dry and sound. Prime with recommended primer and paint as soon as possible. Knots and pitch streaks must be scraped, sanded and spot primed before full coat of Clean spills and spatters immediately primer is applied. All nail holes or small openings must be properly caulked. with soap and warm water. Clean hands Previously Painted Surfaces - If in sound condition, clean the surface of all foreign material. and tools immediately after use with soap Smooth, hard or glossy coatings and surfaces should be dulled by abrading the surface. Apply a test area, allowing paint to dry one week before testing adhesion. If adhesion is poor, additional and warm water. After cleaning, flush abrasion of the surface and/or removal of the previous coating may be necessary. Retest spray equipment with compliant cleanup surface for adhesion. If paint is peeling or badly weathered, clean surface to sound substrate solvent to prevent rusting of the and treat as a new surface as above. Recognize that any surface preparation short of total equipment. Follow manufacturer's safety removal of the old coating may compromise the service length of the system. recommendations when using solvents. APPLICATION PROCEDURES In order to avoid blockage of spray Apply paint at the recommended film thickness and spreading rate as indicated on front page. equipment, clean equipment before use Spreading rates are calculated on volume solids and do not include an application loss factor or before periods of extended downtime due to surface profile, roughness, or porosity of the surface, skill, and technique of the with water. applicator, method of application, various surface irregularities, material lost during mixing, spillage, overthinning, climatic conditions, and excessive film build. CAUTION SAFETY PRECAUTIONS Overspray landing on hot surfaces may Refer to the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) before use. adhere to these surfaces. Immediately PERFORMANCE TIPS remove overspray from hot surfaces Stripe coat crevices, welds, and sharp angles to prevent early failure in these areas. before adhesion occurs. Note that When using spray application, use a 50% overlap with each pass of the gun to avoid holidays, surface temperatures can be higher than bare areas, and pinholes. If necessary, cross spray at a right angle. air temperature. During the early stages of drying, the coating is sensitive to rain, dew, high humidity and moisture condensation. Plan painting schedules to avoid these influences during the first 16-24 HOTW 09/16/2016 B42W00001 27 84 hours of curing. FRC, SP The information and recommendations set forth in this Product Data Sheet are based upon tests conducted by or on behalf of The Sherwin-Williams Company. Such information and recommendations set forth herein are subject to change and pertain to the product offered at the time of publication. Consult your Sherwin-Williams representative or visit www.paintdocs.com to obtain the most current version of the PDS and/or an SDS.